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APPLICA	ATION NO.	FILIN	G DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/807,176		03/24/2004		Јое Топтеу	021247.0101PTUS	4198	
3204	42 7590 10/31/2005				EXAMINER		
	TTON BO			THOMAS, ALEXANDER S			
	ITE 900	ICK DICIV	L		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
MO	CLEAN, VA	22102			1772		

DATE MAILED: 10/31/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	10/807,176	TORREY, JOE					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Alexander Thomas	1772					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addres	S				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION	N.	AYS,				
 Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	the mailing date of this commur D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ This							
3) Since this application is in condition for allowar	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-44</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	vn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-44</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	1						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ acce	epted or b) \square objected to by the I	Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	3. ,	` '					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct							
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form P1O-1	52.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreigna) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(d) or (f).	÷				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	ed in this National Stag	je				
application from the International Bureau		od.					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies not receive	ю.					
	,						
Attachment(s)	,, □ , , , , , ,	(DTO 440)					
1) M Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) D Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/1/04.		Patent Application (PTO-152))				

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:
 - I. Claims 1-30, 43 and 44, drawn to a product, classified in class 428, subclass 106.
- II. Claims 31-42, drawn to a process, classified in class 156, subclass 60.

 The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:
- 2. Inventions II and I are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case the product can be made by a materially different process such as by laminating only two pieces of wood together.
- 3. Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.
- 4. During a telephone conversation with Ms. Carden on October 24, 2005 a provisional election was made with traverse to prosecute the invention of Group I, claims 1-30, 43 and 44. Affirmation of this election must be made by applicant in replying to this Office action. Claims 31-42 are withdrawn from further consideration by the examiner, 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a non-elected invention.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-14, 17-28, 43 and 44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hsu 5,040,582 in view of Brown 671,467. The primary reference discloses the invention substantially as claimed, namely a laminated wood board comprising several layers of veneer wherein the first layer has a loose side in contact with the loose side of the second layer and the tight side of the second layer in contact with the tight side of a third layer and so on; see column 1, lines 12-17, column 2, lines 27-39, column 5, lines 4-8 and the paragraph bridging columns 5 and 6. However, the reference does not disclose the grain orientation of the laminate. The secondary reference discloses that varying the grain orientation in wood veneer laminates is old in the art in order to provide the desired structural properties; see lines 61-78. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to vary the grain orientation of the layers in the laminate of the primary reference in view of the teachings in the secondary reference in order to provide desired physical properties for a particular end use. It would also have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to select any amount of the layers and a resulting laminate thickness for the article of the primary reference depending on the desired structural properties for a particular end use.

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7. Claims 15, 16, 29 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hsu in view of Brown as applied to claims 1-14, 17-28, 43 and 44 above, and further in view of Hasegawa 4,747,899. Hasegawa discloses the desirability of laminating metal layers to wood veneer; see column 7, lines 3-23. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to laminate any well-known metal layer in the laminate of the primary reference in view of the teachings in the secondary reference depending on the desired structural properties of the laminate.

8. Claims 31-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hsu 5,040,582 in view of Brown 671,467 as applied to claims 1-14, 17-28, 43 and 44 above, and further in view of applicant's acknowledged state of the art. The primary reference discloses laminating layers of wood together using adhesive. Applicant acknowledges that the processes used to make the instant invention are well-known; see the instant specification [00030] and [00035]-[00041]. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to use these well-known laminating methods to form the article of the primary reference depending on the desired physical properties for a particular end use.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexander Thomas whose telephone number is 571-272-1502. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30-4:00 M-THUR.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Harold Pyon can be reached on 571-272-1498. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

ALEXANDER S. THOMAS
PRIMARY EXAMINER

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